IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS LUFKIN DIVISION

	No. 9:06-CR-19
United States of America	
v.	
Leterrick Twuane Rodgers	Defendant
-	ommendation Re: Petition for Warrant as for Offender Under Supervision

Pending is a "Petition for Warrant or Summons for Offender Under Supervision" filed October 6, 2011, alleging that the Defendant, Leterrick Twuane Rodgers, violated his conditions of supervised release. This matter is referred to the undersigned United States magistrate judge for review, hearing, and submission of a report with recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law. See United States v. Rodriguez, 23 F.3d 919, 920 n.1 (5th Cir. 1994); see also 18 U.S.C. § 3401(I) (2000); Local Rules for the Assignment of Duties to United States Magistrate Judges.

I. The Original Conviction and Sentence

The Defendant was sentenced on October 26, 2006, before the Honorable Ron Clark, United States District Judge of the Eastern District of Texas, after pleading guilty to the offense bank

robbery, a class C felony. The offense carried a statutory maximum imprisonment term of 20 years. The guideline imprisonment range, based on a total offense level of 19 and a criminal history category of IV, was 46 to 57 months. The Defendant was sentenced to 54 months' imprisonment, which was followed by a three-year term of supervised release, subject to the standard conditions of release, plus special conditions to include substance abuse testing and treatment; mental health treatment; and community confinement in a residential reentry center for a period of 120 days to commence upon release from the Bureau of Prisons.

II. The Period of Supervision

On August 11, 2011, Rodgers completed his period of imprisonment and began service of his supervision term.

III. The Petition

United States Probation filed the pending Petition for Warrant or Summons for Offender Under Supervision on October 6, 2011. The petition alleges that the Defendant violated the following conditions of release:

1. Special Condition: The Defendant shall reside in a residential reentry center or

similar facility in a prerelease component for a period of 120 days to commence upon release from confinement and shall

observe the rules of that facility.

The petition alleges that on August 15, 2011, Rodgers entered the residential reentry center and began service of his 120 day commitment. On September 22, 2011, Rodgers was unsuccessfully discharged from the residential reentry center as a program failure. Rodgers has 81 days of unserved community confinement.

IV. Proceedings

On January 9, 2012, the undersigned convened a hearing pursuant to Rule 32.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure to hear evidence and arguments on whether the Defendant violated conditions of supervised release, and the appropriate course of action for any such violations.

At the revocation hearing, counsel for the government and the Defendant announced an agreement as to a recommended disposition. The Defendant pled "true" to the Government's allegation that he violated a special condition of supervised release, to wit: "The Defendant shall reside in a residential reentry center or similar facility in a prerelease component for a period of 120 days to commence upon release from confinement and shall observe the rules of that facility." Further, the parties agreed the court should revoke the Defendant's supervised release and impose a sentence of six (6) months' imprisonment, with no term of supervised release thereafter. This six (6) month sentence shall include the 81 days of unserved community confinement for a total punishment of six (6) months' imprisonment.

V. Principles of Analysis

If the Court, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure applicable to revocation of probation or supervised release, finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the Defendant violated a condition of supervised release, it may revoke a term of supervised release and require the Defendant to serve in prison all or part of the term of supervised release authorized by statute for the offense that resulted in such term of supervised release without credit for time previously served on post-release supervision. 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3).

According to U.S.S.G. 7B1.1(a), if the Court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the Defendant violated conditions of supervision by failing to successfully complete his 120 days

of community confinement, Rodgers will be guilty of committing a Grade C violation and the Court may (A) revoke probation or supervised release; or (B) extend the term of probation or supervised release and/or modify the conditions of supervision.

In the case of revocation of supervised release based on a Grade C violation and a criminal history category of IV, the guideline imprisonment range is 6 to 12 months.

In determining the Defendant's sentence, the court shall consider:

- 1. The nature and circumstance of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant; see 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1);
- 2. The need for the sentence imposed to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct; to protect the public from further crimes of the defendant; and to provide the Defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care, other corrective treatment in the most effective manner; see 18 U.S.C. §§ 3553 (a)(2)(B)-(D);
- 3. Applicable guidelines and policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission, for the appropriate application of the provisions when modifying or revoking supervised release pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 994(a)(3), that are in effect on the date the defendant is sentenced; see 18 U.S.C. 3553(a)(4); see also 28 U.S.C. § 924(A)(3);
- 4. Any pertinent policy statement issued by the Sentencing Commission, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 994(a)(2), that is in effect on the date the defendant is sentenced; see 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(5); and
- 5. The need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparities among defendants with similar records who have been found guilty of similar conduct; see 18 U.S.C. § 3553(A)(6).

18 U.S.C. §§ 3583(e) and 3553(a).

VI. Application

The Defendant pled "true" to the Government's allegation that he violated a court-ordered condition of supervised release by failing to successfully complete his 120 days of community confinement. Based upon the Defendant's plea of "true" to this allegation of the Government's

Petition for Warrant or Summons for Offender Under Supervision and U.S.S.G. § 7B1.1(a), the undersigned finds that the Defendant violated conditions of supervised release.

The undersigned has carefully considered each of the five factors listed in 18 U.S.C. §§ 3583(e) and 3553(a). The Defendant's violation is a Grade C violation, and his criminal history category is IV. Policy guidelines suggest 6-12 months' imprisonment. The Defendant did not comply with the conditions of his supervision, and he has demonstrated an unwillingness to adhere to conditions of supervision. As such, incarceration appropriately addresses the Defendant's violation. The sentencing objectives of punishment, deterrence and rehabilitation will best be served by a term of incarceration.

VII. Recommendations

- 1. The court should find that the Defendant violated a condition of supervised release by failing to successfully complete his 120 days of community confinement;
- 2. The petition should be granted and the Defendant's supervised release should be revoked pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3565;
- 3. The Defendant should be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of six (6) months, with no term of supervised release thereafter; and
- 4. The Defendant's sentence shall include the 81 days of unserved community confinement for a total of six (6) months' imprisonment.

VIII. Objections

At the close of the revocation hearing, the Defendant, defense counsel, and counsel for the government each signed a standard form waiving their right to object to the proposed findings and recommendations contained in this report, consenting to revocation of supervised release as recommended, and consenting to the imposition of the above sentence recommended in this report. The Defendant waived his right to be present and speak before the district judge imposes the

recommended sentence. Therefore, the court may act on the report and recommendation immediately.

SIGNED this 10th day of January, 2012.

Zack Hawthorn

United States Magistrate Judge